

Online Quiz Chapter 18-A

1. Newton's Principia
 - mathematically disproved the universal law of gravitation
 - placed the earth at the center of the universe
 - proved that Luther was correct regarding salvation by faith
 - rejected the ideas of Copernicus, Kepler, and Galileo
 - supplied the new theory of the universe that combined the work of Copernicus, Kepler, and Galileo
2. The intellectuals of the Enlightenment advocated the
 - application of religious precepts to all knowledge
 - abandonment of reason for the purpose of developing human knowledge
 - inversion of human development
 - creation of a new religion of sciences
 - use of the scientific method to foster progress toward a "better" society
3. Which of the following statements would John Locke find acceptable?
 - A positive environment will create positive results.
 - Some of us are born bad.
 - Original sin places limits on individual aspirations.
 - Everything that we are is in our genes.
 - Faith, not reason, determines what we know.
4. The person viewed as one of the founders of modern economics and known for the doctrine of laissez-faire was
 - Robert Burns
 - Robert Walpole
 - Adam Smith
 - John McDonald
 - Lord Gordon Brown
5. The most important product of European industry in the eighteenth century was
 - oil
 - coal
 - spices
 - textiles
 - steel
6. In eighteenth century Europe
 - the peasants composed less than forty percent of the populations of Austria and France.
 - it was illegal for a noble-class male to marry a middle-class female without a government dispensation everywhere except in Prussia and the Netherlands.
 - nobles constituted approximately two or three percent of the population.
 - factory workers had replaced farmers as the majority of the population.
 - noble and bourgeois women dressed in the same fashion and were visually indistinguishable.

7. Britain decided to end its war against the Americans after a combined American and French force defeated General Cornwallis at

- Boston
- Cowpens
- Brandywine
- Saratoga
- Yorktown

8. The Estates-General was convened in 1789 in order to deal with the
near bankruptcy of the French Treasury
invasion of Silesia
discontent in the French colonies
Louis XVI's demand for more power
grievances of the French peasantry

9. The illegal event that constituted the start of the French Revolution was the
mutiny of the French Army
meeting between Quesnay and Adam Smith
action of the Third Estate in declaring itself to be the National Assembly
revolts of French peasants in the countryside
storming of the Bastille

10. As a direct result of the French Revolution, this nation became the first Latin American state to win its independence from European colonialism.

- Ecuador
- Brazil
- Nicaragua
- Puerto Rico
- Haiti

11.

Which astronomer argued for an elliptical motion of the planets around the sun?

- Johannes Kepler
- Tycho Brahe
- Galileo Galilei
- Nicholas Copernicus
- Isaac Newton

12. What is meant by the idea of tabula rasa?

- That people could exert free will to further their destinies
- Government exists for the will of the people
- People must rely on a "higher power" to provide structure in society
- Every person is born with a blank mind.
- Each person is tainted by original sin.

13. Which of the following is NOT an example of popular culture like festivals?

Carnival

salacious theater mocking nobility

feast days of local patron saints

collective activity

heavy consumption of food and drink