

World History since 1500



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HI 104 – World History

History 104 World History since 1500

Jan. 23	Online Quiz Ch 16 <u>LATE</u>
Jan. 25	Online Quiz Ch 17
Jan. 26	Article Review One DUE (beginning of class)
Jan. 30	Review Session TBD – afternoon/evening
Jan. 31	Exam One – Ch. 15-17
Feb. 16	Article Two (Ch. 18-20) Approval Deadline



Janissary Corps

Slave soldiers – Christian boys
(devshurne)
Taught Turkish language
Converted to Islam
Taught no non-military skills
Forbidden to marry

First:

Wear a uniform
Meritocracy
Military music
Massed musket fire





Janissary Corps

Text: "recruited..." p 520

SLAVES (boy harvest) 1380 ~ 1580

Decline 1500s (marriage, sons could join)

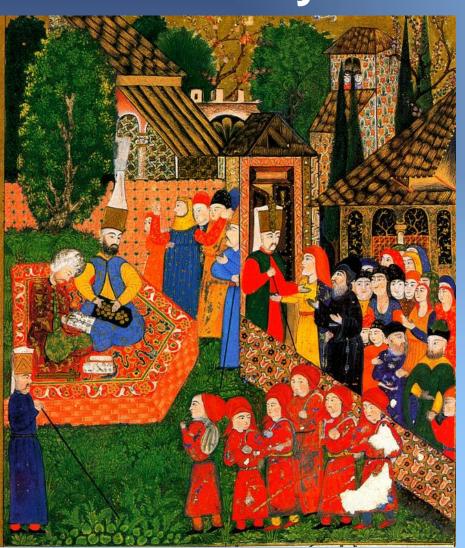
Auspicious Incident 1826

Extreme loyalty:

Sultan's bodyguards
Excellent battle discipline
All infantry
Used support troops (supply, engineers, medical)



Devshirme system



"Blood Tax" - "Collecting"

Enslavement of Christian youth for service in military, harem, and civil service.

Did NOT work in agriculture

Loyal (Stockholm Syndrome)

A way to keep aristocrats out of power

Conquest of Constantinople

1453



Conquest of Constantinople

1453

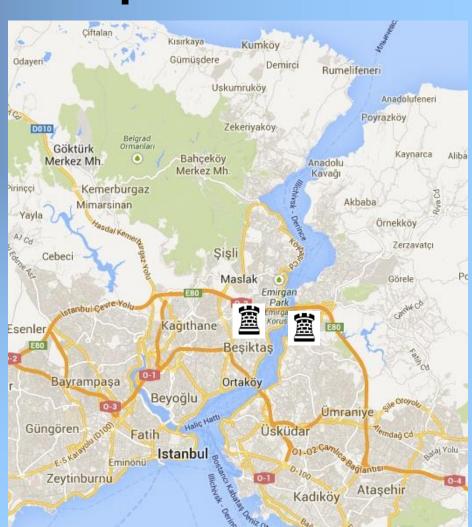
Sultan Mehmed II (21 y.o.)

Builds fortress north of city to control strait – 1452

Constantine XI asks for help but Catholic Europe/Pope not interested – busy with own wars

Chain harbor entrance, repair Land Wall (12 miles long)

7,000 defenders (+ 50,000 civilians)



Conquest of Constantinople 1453

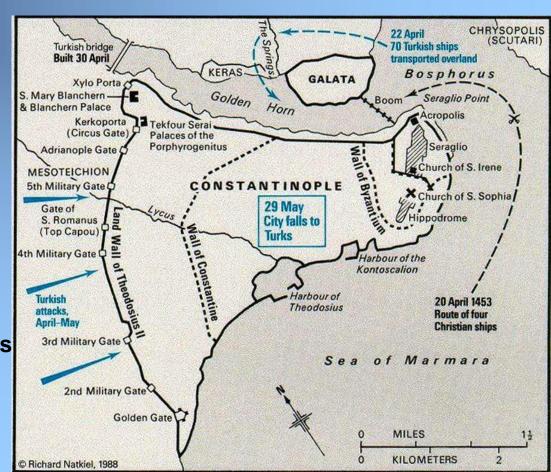
50-80,000 Ottoman soldiers (5-10,000 Janissaries) 120 ships

Cannon – 600 lb. stone ball with 1 mile range (60 oxen team 3 hours to reload

Siege last 53 days (6 Apr – 29 May)

Mehmed orders road of greased logs and rolled ships into golden horn.

Fireships/40 impaled/260 executed



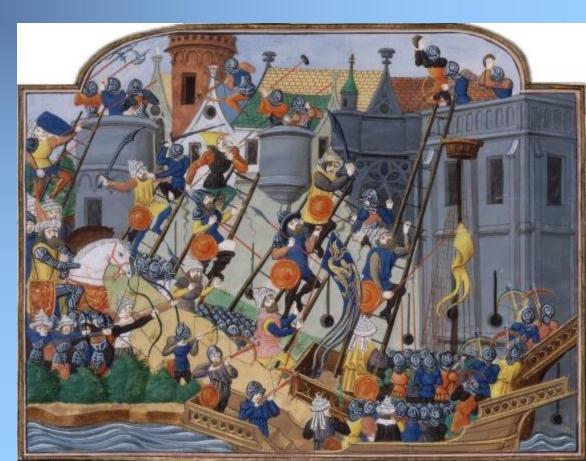
Conquest of Constantinople 1453

Several frontal assaults
Sappers attempt to mine under
the walls. Byzantines dig
counter-mines and attack
miners.

First and second assault waves were inferior troops. Final wave were Janissaries.

Genoese general in charge of defense wounded causing soldiers to panic.

3 days of plunder, rape and murder



Treatment of Christians In conquered territories

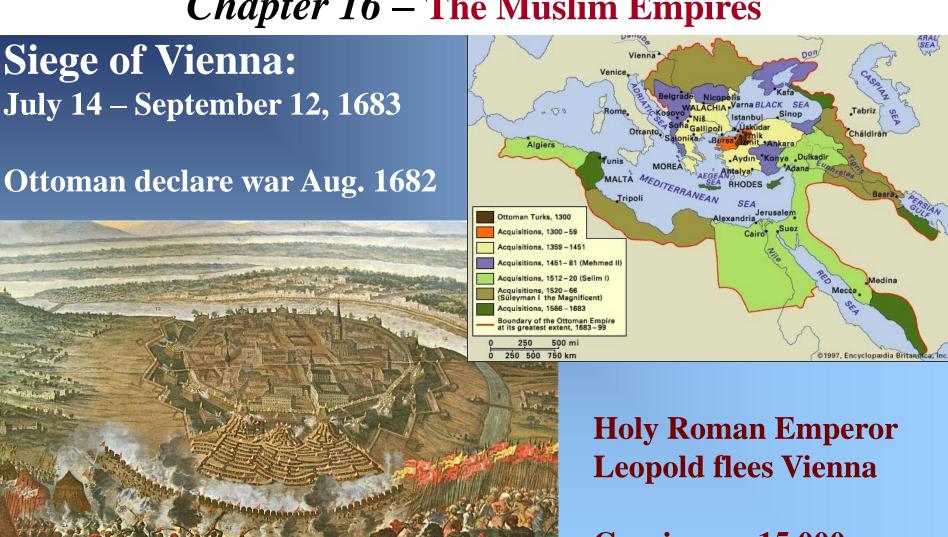


When Christians a majority:

"quite tolerant apart from slave levy" Freedom of religion to help maintain social order

When Christians a minority:

"much harder line"
Seize church property and revenues
Curbed public worship
A potential threat to Ottoman order



Garrison – 15,000 Volunteers - 8,700

Siege of Vienna:

July 14 – September 12, 1683

Largest cavalry charge in history (18,000)



Ottomans

Initial army 433,000 20,000 dead during siege 15,000 dead in battle 10,000 captured

Holy Roman Empire
Kingdom of Poland
King John III Sobieski
Garrison – 15,000
Volunteers – 8,700



Iran had its origin in the word "Aryan" from the Indo-Iranian peoples.

1850 – "Aryan" was adopted as a racial category.

By 1900 a theory suggested that Indo-Europeans originated in ancient Germany or Scandinavia. This led to using "Aryan" to mean "Germanic", "Nordic" or "Northern Europeans."

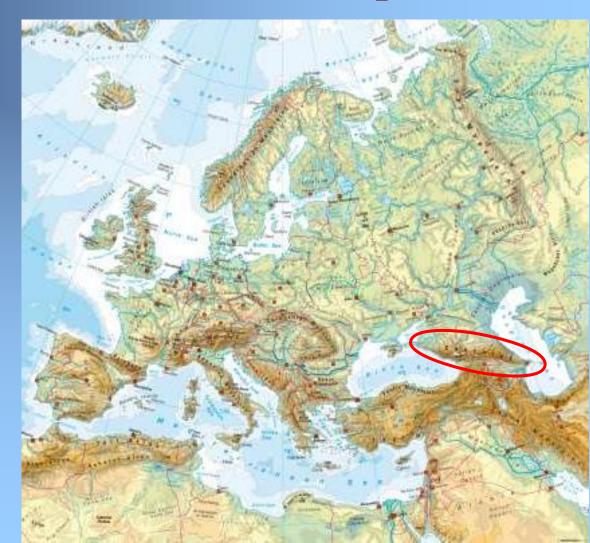
Safavid Empire



"Aryan" was thought to be a subset of the Caucasian race. This grouping of people was based on geography and skeletal anatomy without regard to skin color.

First introduced in the 1780s, scholars thought that the first humans were from the Caucasus Mountains. This was based on the theory that this is where Noah's Ark landed.

Safavid Empire



Sunni

85%

Islam — Sunni - Shiite

Shiite

15%

Sunni "usual practice"

Shiite (Shia) "followers of Ali"



Islam — Sunni - Shiite

After Muhammad

Abu Bakr

Prominent companion – 1st Caliph

Umar – 2nd Caliph

Uthman – 3rd Caliph (assassinated)

Ali

Cousin and son-in-law of Muhammad



Islam – Sufi



the inward dimension of Islam
the phenomenon of mysticism
within Islam

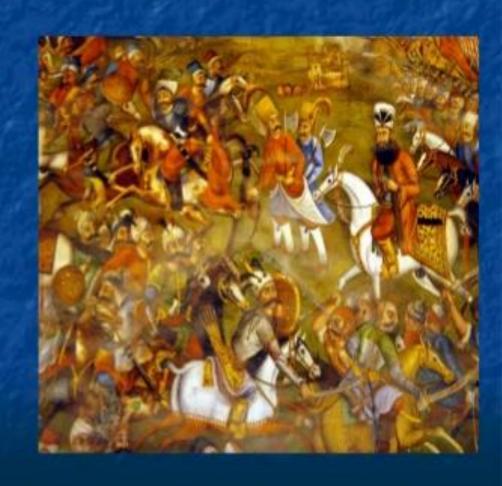
I searched for God and found only myself.

I searched for myself and found only God.

- Sufi proverb

Safavid

- Ismail called himself "shah," or king, of the new Persian state.
- Ismail was a Shiite Muslim. He sent preachers to different areas to convert members of the Ottoman Empire.
- This led to the massacre of Sunni Muslims when he took Baghdad.
- Ismail lost a major at Tabriz to Suleiman over religious differences.





Mugal Empire

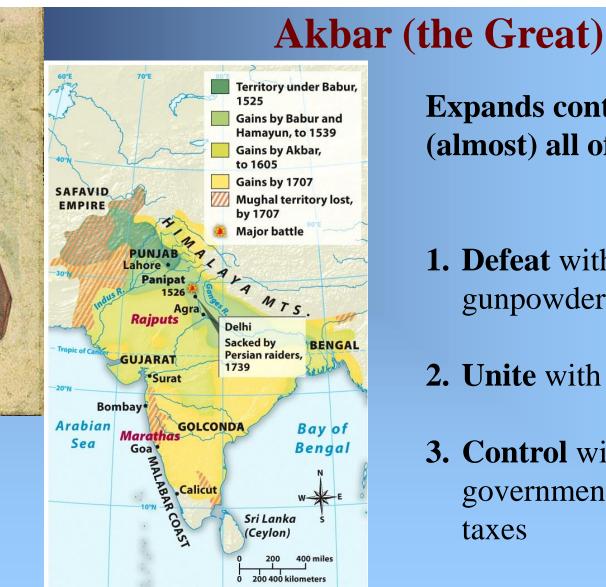
- 1. Muslims from central Asia
- 2. Descended from Genghis Khan
- 3. Introduced gunpowder weapons to India

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Chapter 16 – The Muslim Empires

Akbar (the Admiral)





MAP 19.2 The Mughal Empire, c. 1700

Expands control to (almost) all of India

- 1. Defeat with gunpowder
- 2. Unite with marriages
- **3. Control** with central government with fair taxes



Shah Jahan

The Golden Age

Raised by grandfather, Akbar

Political engagement to Persian princess, but during 5 years before marriage had a wife and child

Mumtaz Mahal died in 14th childbirth (at age 37)

Taj Mahal

"Crown of Palaces" tomb for "chosen one of the palace"



Dutch East Indies Company (VOC)

<u>Vereenigde Oostindische</u> <u>Compagnie</u>

- 1. Stock Company 1602
- 2. Power to wage war, imprison and execute convicts, [4] negotiate treaties, strike its own coins, and establish colonies
- 3. Paid 18% dividend/year for almost 200 years



"The Spice must flow"

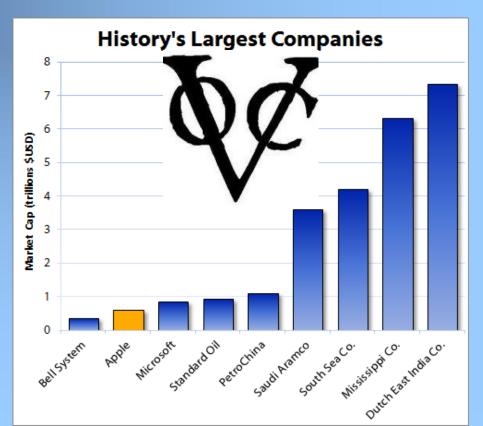
Private Joint-Stock Companies

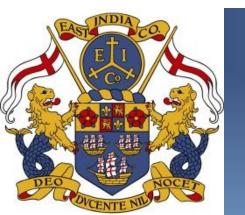
East India Company (1600)



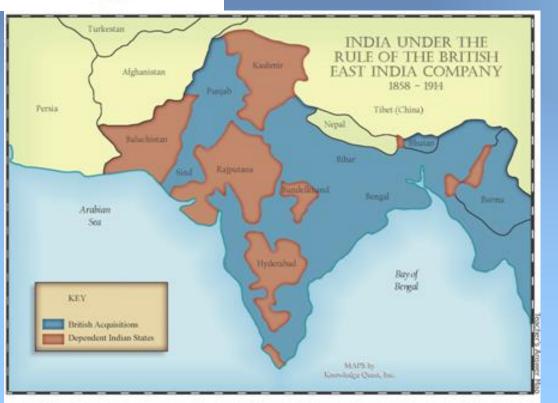
Dutch East India Company (1602)

Verenigde Oostindische Compagnie





English East Indies Company Sto



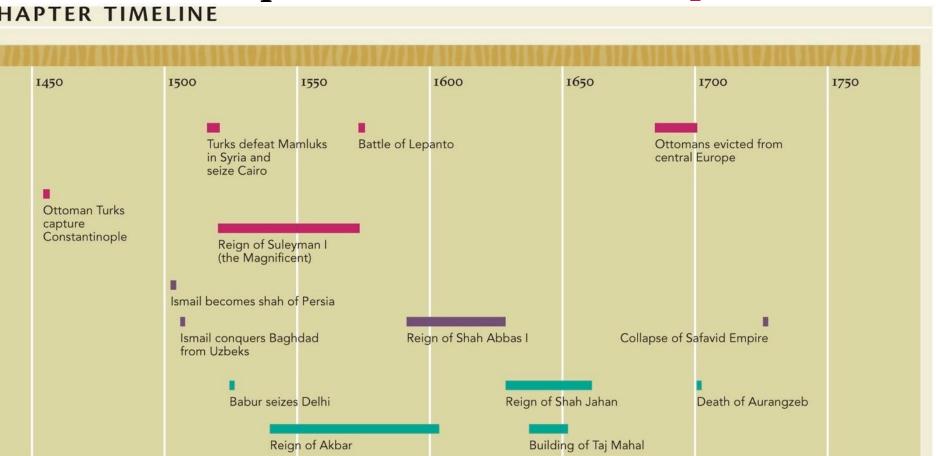
Stock Company – 1600 - Defeat of Spanish Armada in 1588 freed England to explore Indian Ocean

Rule in India began in 1757 after the Battle of Plassey

Competition with VOC resulted in Anglo-Dutch Wars (1652).
Cash flow with China leads to Opium Wars (1839)

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Chapter 16 – The Muslim Empires



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