

## Chapter 14 HI 103 Fall 2017

### Question 1

Western historians customarily regard this as the crucial point in opening the trade routes to the East.

- the discovery of the New World by Columbus
- the travels of Marco Polo
- the voyages of Vasco de Gama
- Prince Henry, the Navigator's establishment of a school for navigators
- Magellan's circumnavigation of the globe

### Question 2

Prince Henry

- established a school for navigators in Portugal in 1419.
- was depicted as the "epitome" of greed by Bartolomeu Dias.
- was the first European to get to the source of the Zambezi.
- established a school for naval gunners in Portsmouth, England in 1438.
- became king of England in 1628.

### Question 3

The Treaty of Tordesillas

- ended the Hundred Years' War.
- gave the French the eastern route around the Cape of Good Hope.
- gave the English the eastern route around the Cape of Good Hope.
- divided the "new" areas discovered by Europeans between Spain and Portugal.
- divided the "new" areas discovered by Europeans between the English and the French.

### Question 4

Under the encomienda system, New World natives were

- permitted to retain control over their local lands.
- subjected to exploitation and harsh treatment by the Dutch.
- taken to Spain to be used as laborers.
- forced to accept Islam.
- supposed to be protected by the Spanish.

### Question 5

Alfonso I was the king of this African state and in an effort to stave off the capture and sale of his subjects on the slave markets, he made a poignant appeal to the king of Portugal.

- Ethiopia
- Zimbabwe
- Senegal
- Gambia
- Kongo

### Question 6

The Spanish base of operations in Southeast Asia was established in

- Malacca.
- Vietnam.
- Java.
- Burman lands.
- the Philippines.

Question 7

The necessary improvements in which three areas are regarded as essential elements in the Age of Exploration?

- Navigation, shipbuilding, and weaponry.
- Three field crop rotation, navigational abilities, and cartography.
- Banking, joint stock companies, and navigation.
- Religious fervor, industrialism, and staple crops.
- Navigation, ship style, and capitalism.

Question 8

The largest population of Aztecs died off because of

- the encomienda system.
- human sacrifice.
- enslavement by the Portuguese.
- disease.
- Spanish warfare

Question 9

The demand for increased slave labor in the sixteenth century was due to the dramatic expansion of

- the Portuguese spice trade.
- colonization of the Americas spurring growth of the sugar industry.
- the declaration of the Treaty of Tordesillas giving the Portuguese dominion over Africa.
- with the Ottoman empire's blockade of the Silk Road, dependence on cotton was shifted to the Americas.
- the elimination of the Portuguese from east Africa.

Question 10

What constituted the third leg of the Triangle trade?

- payment for slaves in gold in Africa prior to the Middle Passage.
- payment for slaves in the Americas with sugar-based products to be taken back to Europe.
- payment for slaveships in Europe to go to Africa.
- None of these.
- exchange of slaves for passage of cargo and colonists from Europe to America.