

Chapter 12 HI103 Fall 2017

Question 1

Which of the following was accomplished by medieval Christian monasteries?

- They played a major military role for their religion.
- They enforced the tenets of the Scriptures, often by force.
- They were under the rule of the princeps.
- They served as centers of learning.
- They launched an early "feminist" movement.

Question 2

The incursions of the Scandinavian Vikings into other parts of Europe

- were successful because their ships had a shallow draft, allowing them to sail far up rivers.
- were defeated at the Battle of Lechfeld.
- had little impact on the history of England and France.
- were the most threatening of the fifteenth century invaders to the peace of Europe.
- led to Scandinavian control of Greece.

Question 3

The piece of land that provided the feudal vassal's economic support was the

- fief.
- homage.
- right.
- vassalage.
- tallage.

Question 4

Which of the following revolutionized warfare in the early Middle Ages?

- the emergence of a money economy
- gunpowder
- the stirrup
- the longbow
- the Black Death

Question 5

The victor at the Battle of Hastings was

- Edward the Confessor.
- Harold Godwinson.
- harald hardrada
- Henry II.
- William of Normandy.

Question 6

France's first parliament, begun under Philip IV, was the

- Parlement.
- Chambre des Comptes.
- Estates-General.
- Reichstagen.
- Diet of Paris.

Question 7

The pope who gave his blessing and authorized the First Crusade was

Gregory the Great.

Innocent III.

Gregory VII.

Urban II.

Pius X

Question 8

The basis of feudalism in Europe was

a contract sworn between a lord and his vassal.

a means for apportioning land allocations among nobility without sons

the sacred oath of loyalty.

one of the sacraments in the Catholic church.

the recognition of clergy as superior in status than a secular authority.

Question 9

What distinction was signified by the Magna Carta?

Empowerment of a representative parliament.

England became a constitutional monarchy.

Complete autonomy of the Privy Council.

Formal recognition of the mutual rights and obligations between the king and his vassals.

An abiding peace with France and the descendants of Eleanor of Aquitaine

Question 10

The first university was developed in what city?

Bologna

Paris

Cambridge

Florence

Cordoba