



Chapter 7-A

Late Antiquity and the Emergence of the Medieval



Wayne E. Sirmon

HI 101 – Western Civilization

HI-101 Western Civilization I

Sept. 26

“Brain Busters”/PTC9 – No Class
Article Two Approval

(Don’t wait until the last minute-hour-day)

Oct. 3

Article Review Two **DUE**

Oct. 5

On-Line Quiz Ch. 8

Oct. 8

Exam Two (Ch. 6-8A)

Oct. 20

Rev. Dr. Paul W. Chilcote,
Dauphin Way United Methodist Church
1507 Dauphin Street – 7:00 pm

Oct. 21

Voter Registration (11 of 25)

Oct. 23

Stallworth Lecture - USA



HI-101 Western Civilization I



ANASTASIA

October 17-20

7:00 pm & 3:00 pm Sunday

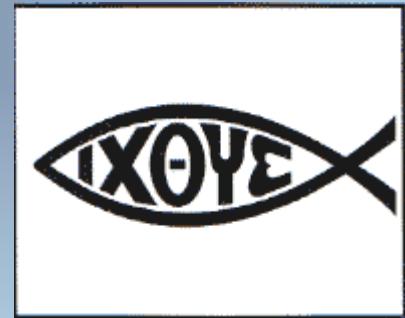
Lonnie & Lynne Burnett Event Center

Christianity

Symbols

The Fish

Iesous Christos Theou Yips Soter
(Jesus Christ, Son of God Savior)



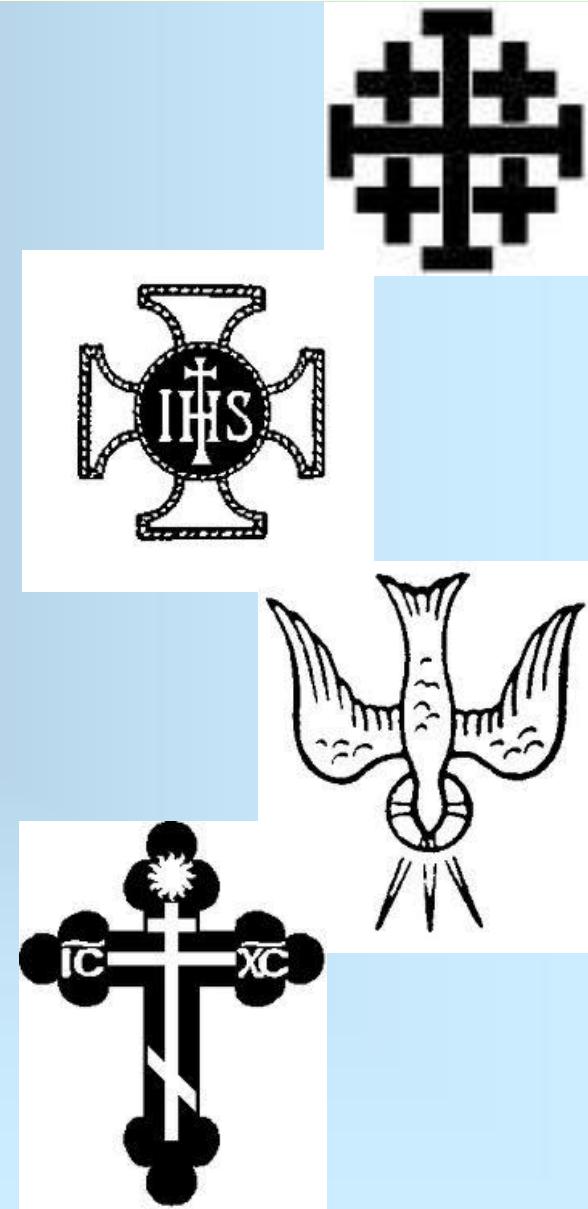
Chi Rho

Christos
(first letters in Christ)



IHS

iota-eta-sigma
(first 3 letters in Greek “Jesus”)



Christianity

Ambrose



Governor of Aemilia-Liguria in northern Italy

Bishop of Milan

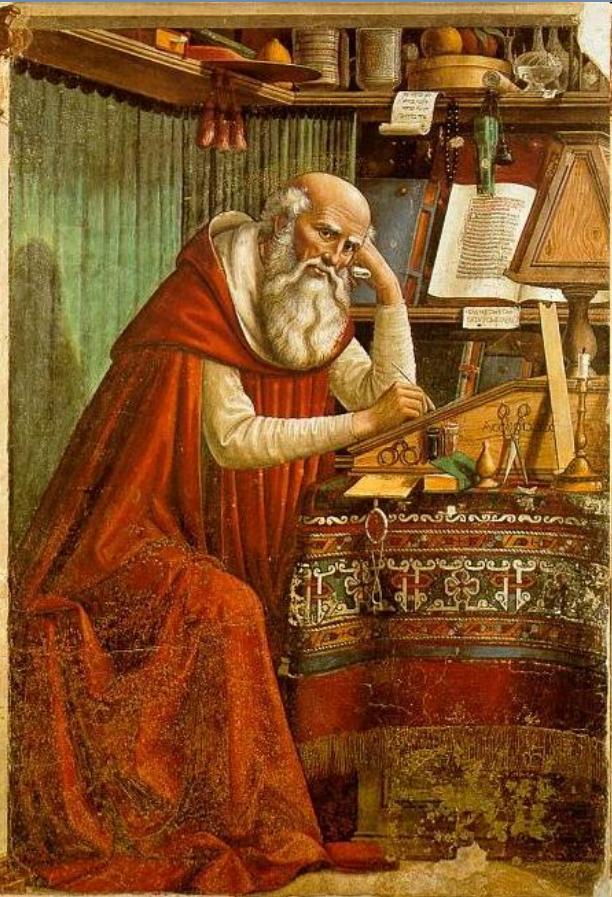
Opposed Arianism

**Excommunicated Emperor Theodosius
(Theodosius does public penance)**



Christianity

Jerome



Doctor of the Church / Teacher of the Faith

Hermit / ascetic priest

**Latin Vulgate Bible
“commonly used translation”**

**Basis for the Council of Trent (1545) establishing
the canon of scripture.**

Ignorance of the Scriptures is ignorance of Christ.
-- Prologue to the “Commentary on Isaiah”

Vulgate

creatio (e.g. Genesis 1:1, Heb 9:11)

salvatio (e.g. Is 37:32, Eph 2:5)

justificatio (e.g. Rom 4:25, Heb 9:1)

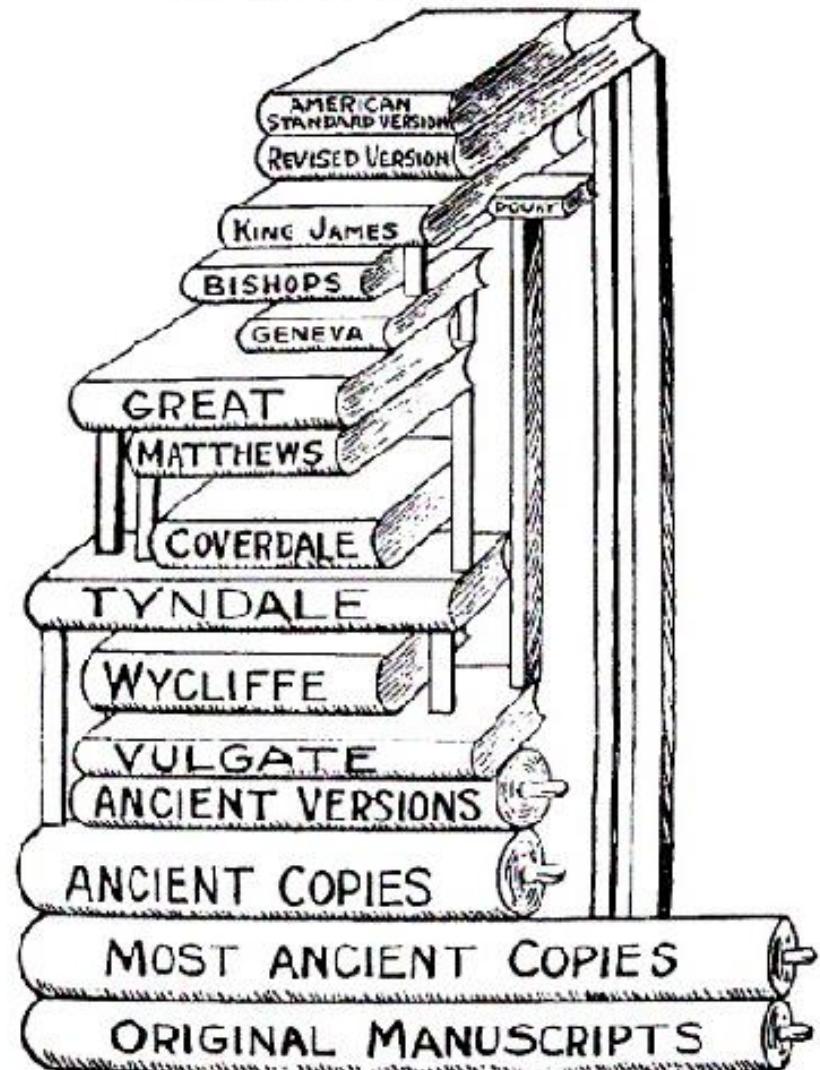
testamentum (e.g. Mt 26:28)

sanctificatio (1 Ptr 1:2, 1 Cor 1:30)

regeneratio (Mt 19:28)

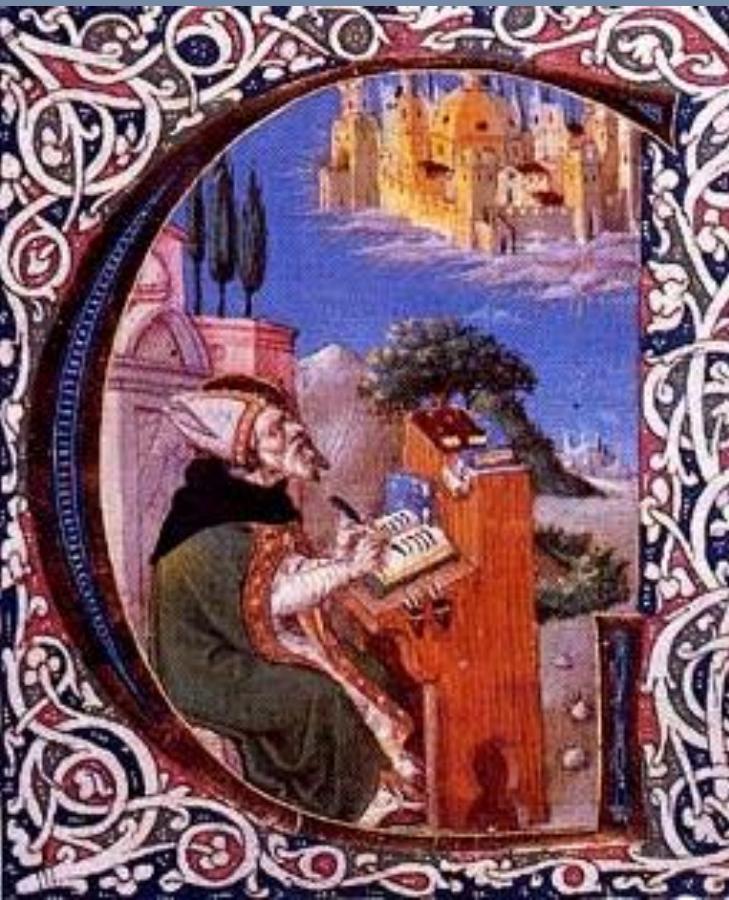
raptura (1 Thes 4:17)

THE ORIGIN AND GROWTH OF THE ENGLISH BIBLE



Christianity

Augustine



Teacher of Grammar and Rhetoric

Church as “City of God”

**In response to the sacking of Rome by
Visigoths in 410**

**one of the theological fathers of Reformation
due to his teaching on salvation and divine
grace**

**“patron saint” of regular clergy who live by a
monastic rule**

Just War Theory

Expansion of the Church

Monasticism

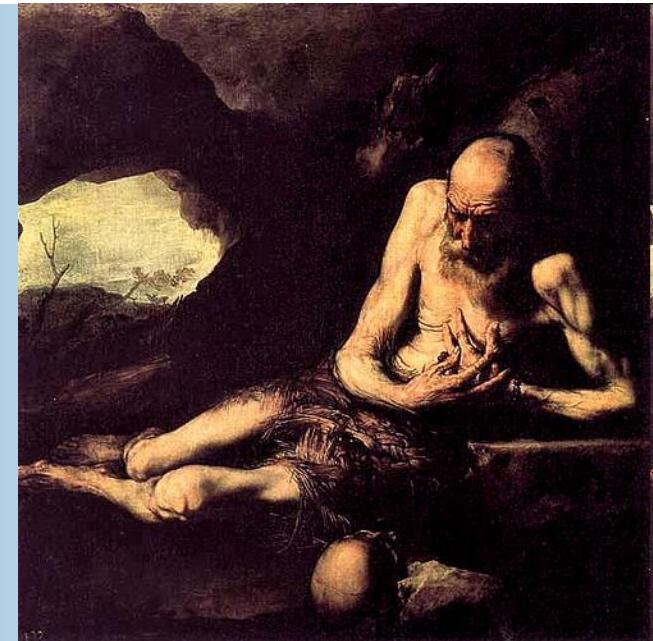
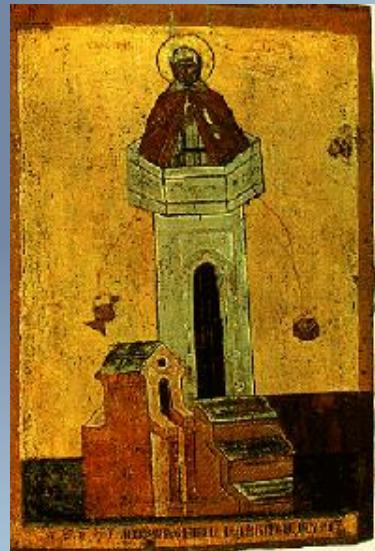
“solitary life”

Hermits

Pillars

Anchorites

Monasteries &
Nunneries



Expansion of the Church

Monasticism

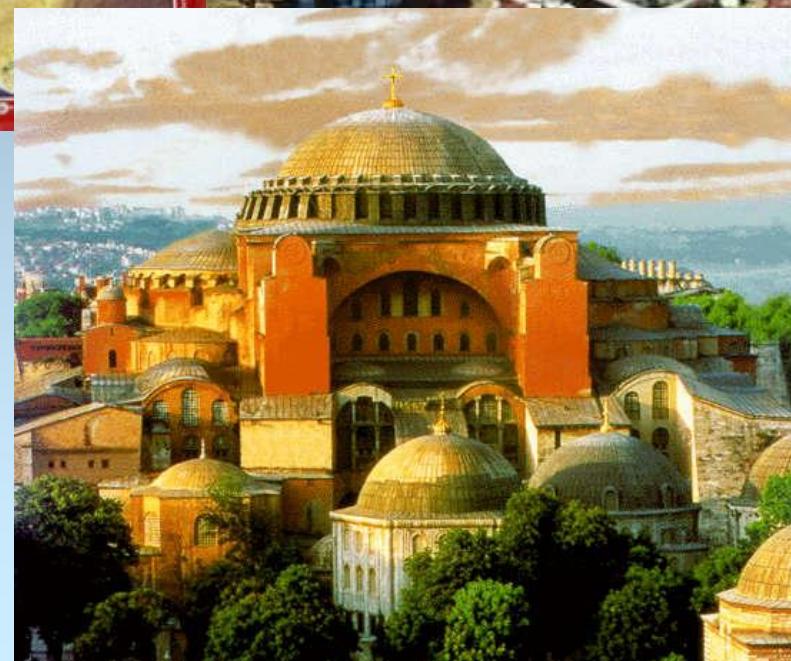
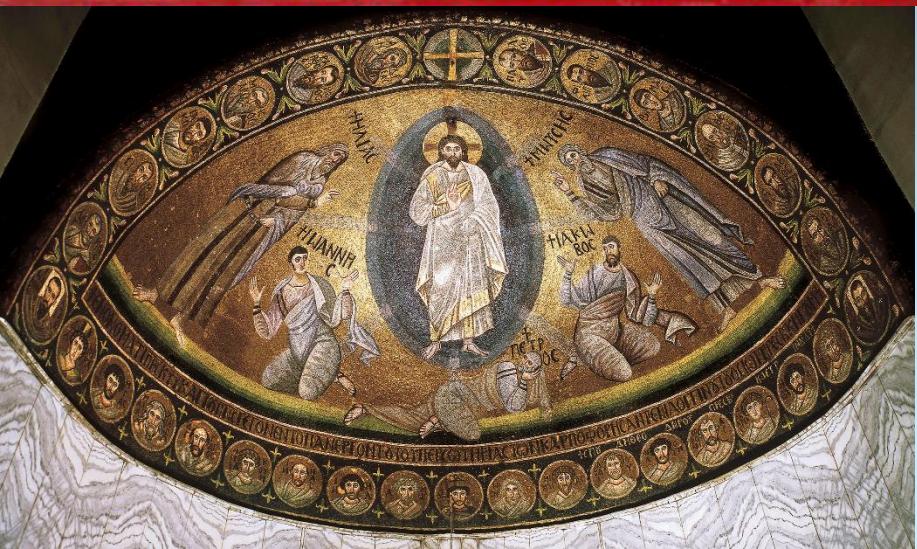
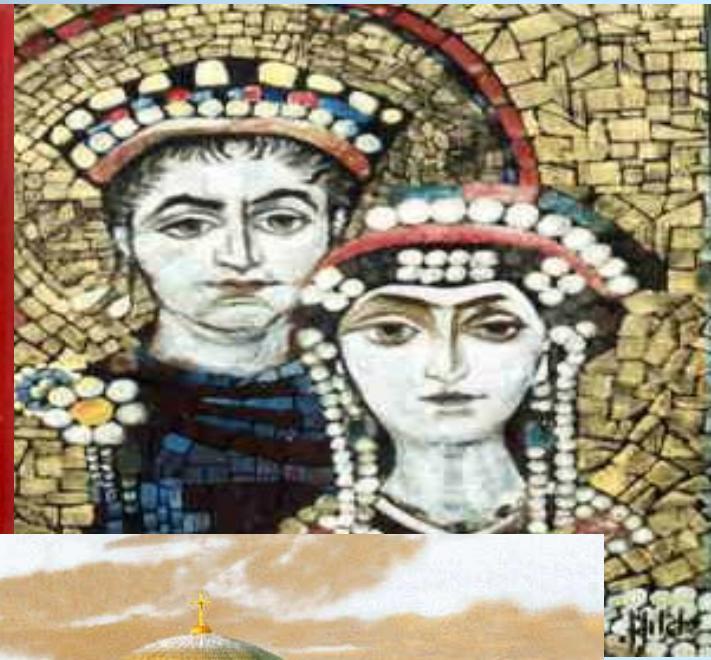
ora et labora “pray and work”



The Rule of St. Benedict

Obedience / Humility / Infirm Brothers /
Those Who Are Excommunicated / the
Ordination of an Abbot / In What Order the
Psalms are To Be Sung / Concerning the
Amount of Drink

Byzantine Empire



Justinian the Great

(r. 527 - 565)

Rise to power

Adopted by his uncle Justin (who had risen through the army ranks and became emperor at age 70).

Tutored in wide range of subjects (uncle was illiterate).

Provided much guidance during uncle's 9 year reign.

Married Theodora (20 years his junior - 42 & 22) in 525 (after uncle passed law allowing intermarriage between social classes).

Justinian became emperor in 527 at the age of 44.





Justinian the Great

(r. 527 - 565)

Corpus Juris Civilis *Body of Civil Law*

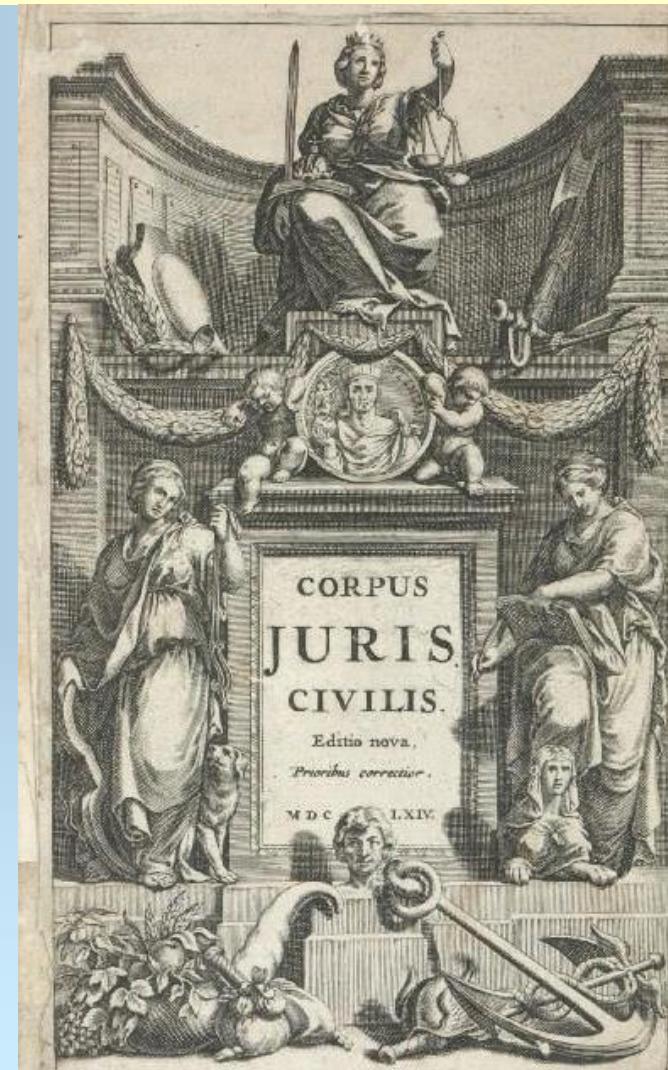
Codex – Imperial pronouncements having force of law

Digesta – collection of legal writings

Institutiones – student textbook

Novellae – new laws passed after 534 AD

became the basis for legal systems of most modern European countries



AMSTELÆDAMI, Apud Joannem Blaue, Ludov. & Dan Elzevirios.
et LUGDUNI BATAVORUM, Apud Franciscum Hackium.

Justinian the Great

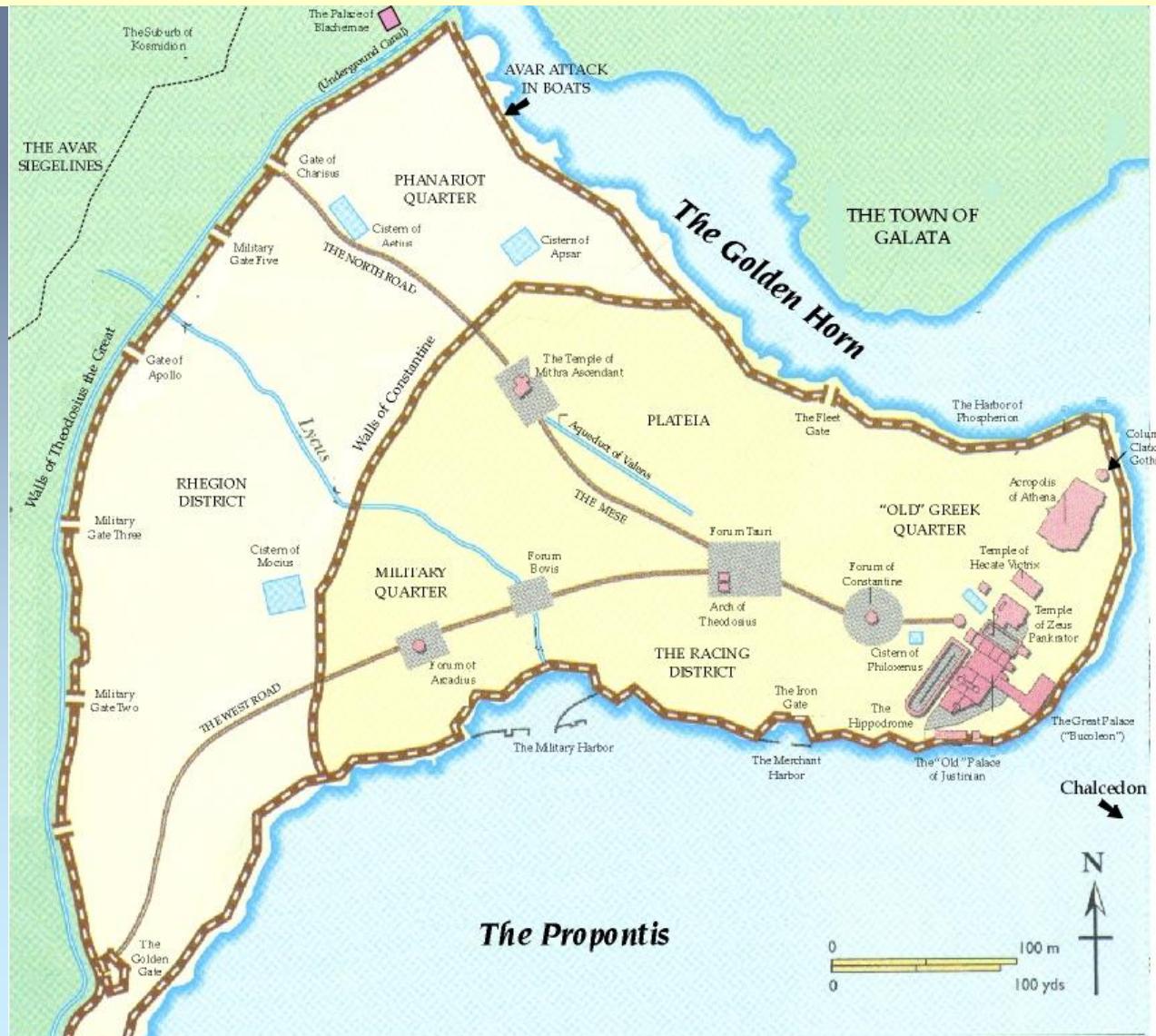
(r. 527 - 565)

Nika Riots

532 AD

Sports fans divided according to colors of uniforms: Blues, Greens, Reds, and Whites.
(fans grouped by class, neighborhood, politics)

Earlier some Blues and Greens were hanged for murder after a race.
Race day (1/13/532) the Blues and Greens united against Justinian and rioted for 5 days.



Justinian the Great

(r. 527 - 565)

Nika Riots

532 AD

Justinian was about to flee but
Theodora insisted that they should
stay

“Purple makes a fine winding sheet.”

The rioters were about to crown
Hypatius emperor when a eunuch
entered the hippodrome carrying a
bag of gold and distributed it to the
Blues and turned them against the
Greens.

Imperial troops stormed in and killed
~30,000 rebels and executed the
senators who had encouraged the
riot.



Justinian the Great

(r. 527 - 565)

Hagia Sophia

*Church of the
Holy Wisdom of God*

*Largest cathedral in the world
(until 1520)*

*Ransacked by Latin Christians
During Fourth Crusade (1204)*

Converted to mosque in 1453

*Turned into a museum in 1935
By first Turkish President*



Byzantine Empire

(610 - 1071)

Filioque

"and from the Son"

Subject of not less than 12 Church Councils

Holy Communion

I BELIEVE in one God the Father Almighty, Maker of heaven and earth, And of all things visible and invisible: And in one Lord Jesus Christ, the only-begotten Son of God; Begotten of his Father before all worlds, God of God, Light of Light, Very God of very God; Begotten, not made; Being of one substance with the Father; By whom all things were made: Who for us men and for our salvation came down from heaven, And was incarnate by the Holy Ghost of the Virgin Mary, And was made man: And was crucified also for us under Pontius Pilate; He suffered and was buried: And the third day he rose again according to the Scriptures: And ascended into heaven, And sitteth on the right hand of the Father: And he shall come again, with glory, to judge both the quick and the dead; Whose kingdom shall have no end.

And I believe in the Holy Ghost The Lord and Giver of Life [Who proceedeth from the Father and the Son; Who with the Father and the Son together is worshipped and glorified; Who spake by the Prophets: And I believe one Catholic and Apostolic Church: I acknowledge one Baptism for the remission of sins: And I look for the Resurrection of the dead: And the Life of the world to come. Amen.]



Eastern Church

Father

Son

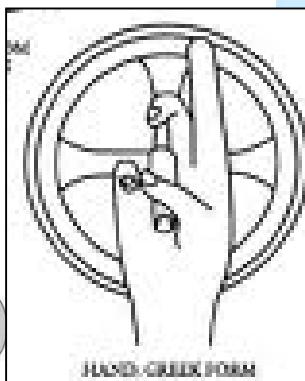
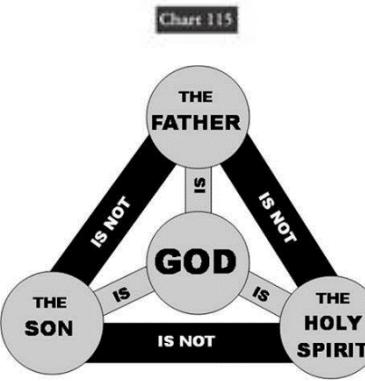
The Holy Spirit proceeds
from the Father

Latin Church

Father

Son → Holy Spirit

The Holy Spirit proceeds
from the Father and
the Son (*filioque*)



Byzantine Empire

(610 - 1071)



Iconoclasm

Image-breaking
think “icon crashing”

Iconoclastic Controversy Notes

Latin Roman Catholic Church Western Roman Empire

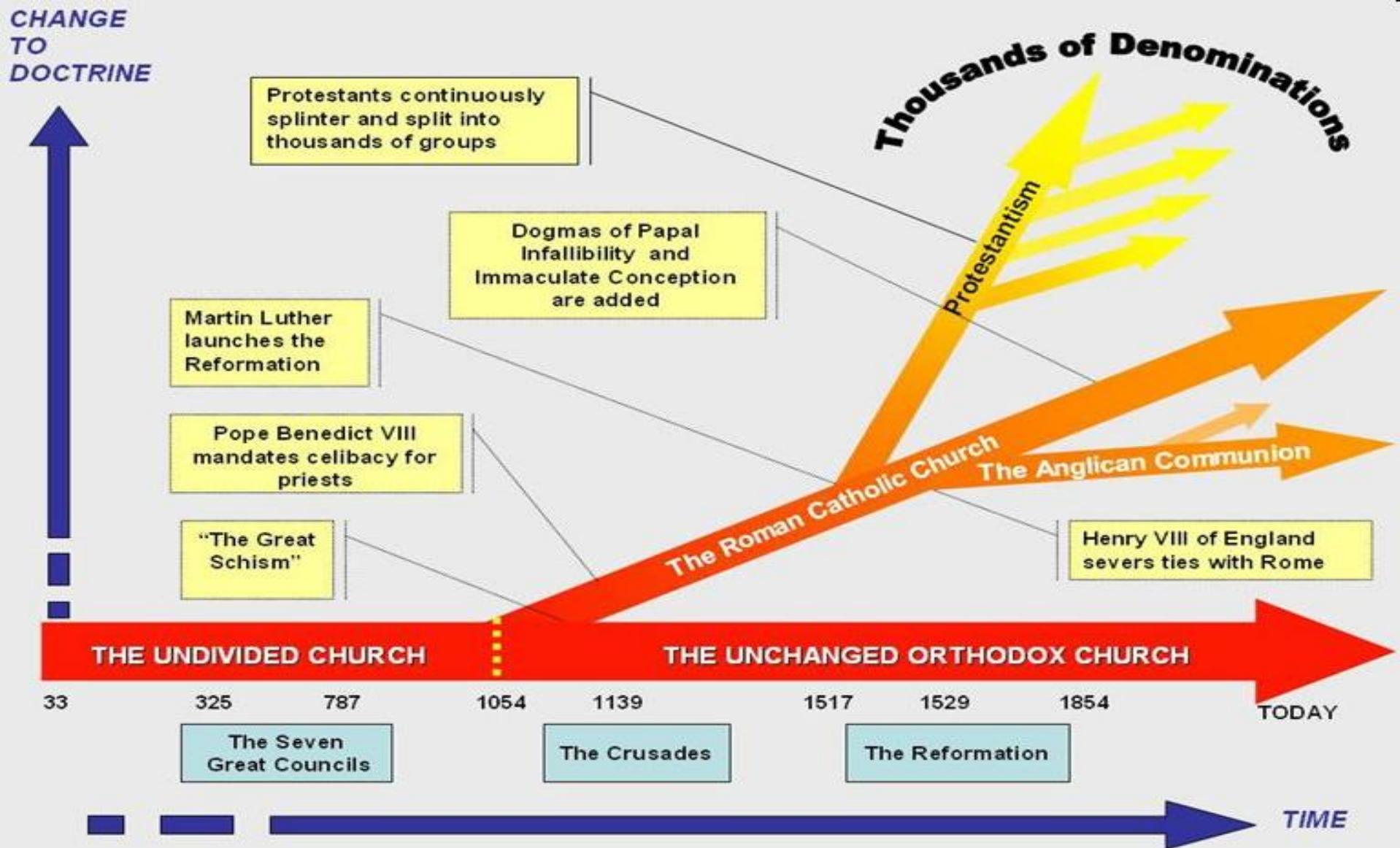
- Icons Accepted
- People were illiterate and needed pictures and statues to understand the religion
- Believed praying to God through Icons was not the same as praying to idols
- Pope says icons are OK after council meets

Greek Eastern Orthodox Church Byzantine Empire

- Icons NOT accepted
- Believe icons = idols
- 726AD – Emperor Leo III rules icons illegal and must be destroyed
- Iconoclasts believe icons are a heresy and people caught should be excommunicated
- Iconoclasts destroyed icons = Byzantine Art

*CHURCH SPLITS in 1054 AD = Great Schism *

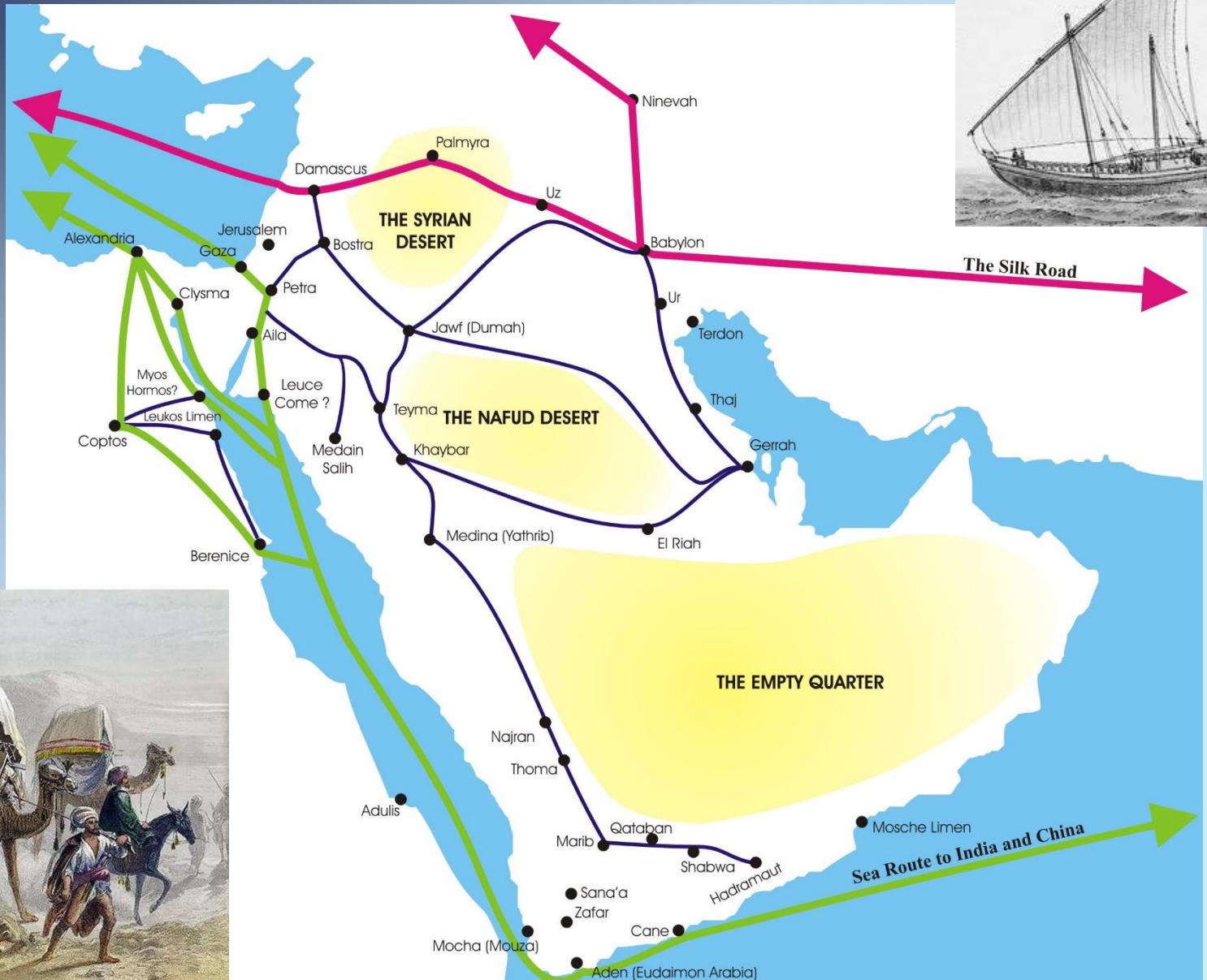
The Byzantine Empire



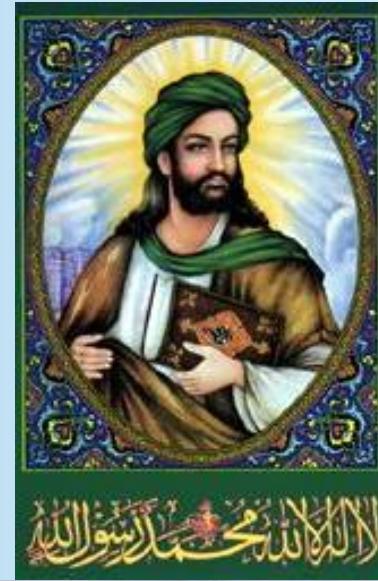
**What do
YOU
Know About
ISLAM?**



Islam – It's Beginnings

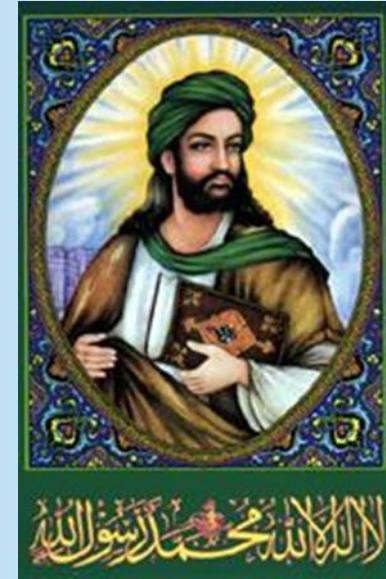


Islam – “Submission to God”



Islam – It's Beginnings

- 571 Birth of Muhammad**
- 610 Vision of Gabriel in cave**
- 613 Preaches in Mecca**
- 622 Moves from Mecca to Medina (beginning of Islam)**
- 632 Death of Muhammad**



Islam — “Submission to God”

Koran (Qur'an) “the recitation”

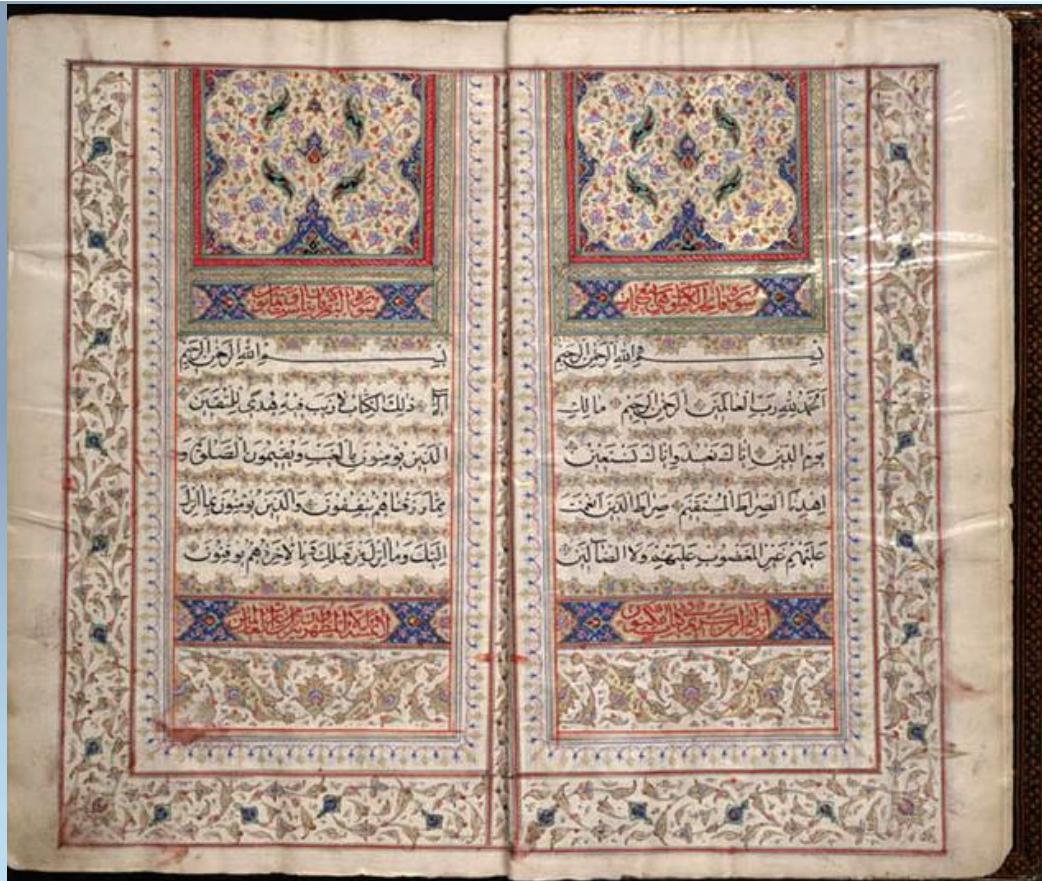
Allah is its true author
Received orally by Muhammad
From 610 to 632

Written by companions in 651-2

Oldest copy dates from ~710

114 chapters (Sura)

Contains stories of people and events recorded in bible
(but differ in many details).



Next Up... Chapter 7-B - Islam

5 Pillars of Islam

1. Shahadah (Faith)



2. Salah (Prayer)



3. Zakat (Charity)

MuhammadSite.com



4. Sawm (Fasting)



5. Hajj (Pilgrimage)

