



**Wayne E. Sirmon**

**HI 101 – Western Civilization**

## *HI 101 – Work to be done....*

**Sept. 10 – Review One Due  
/ Study Guide available**

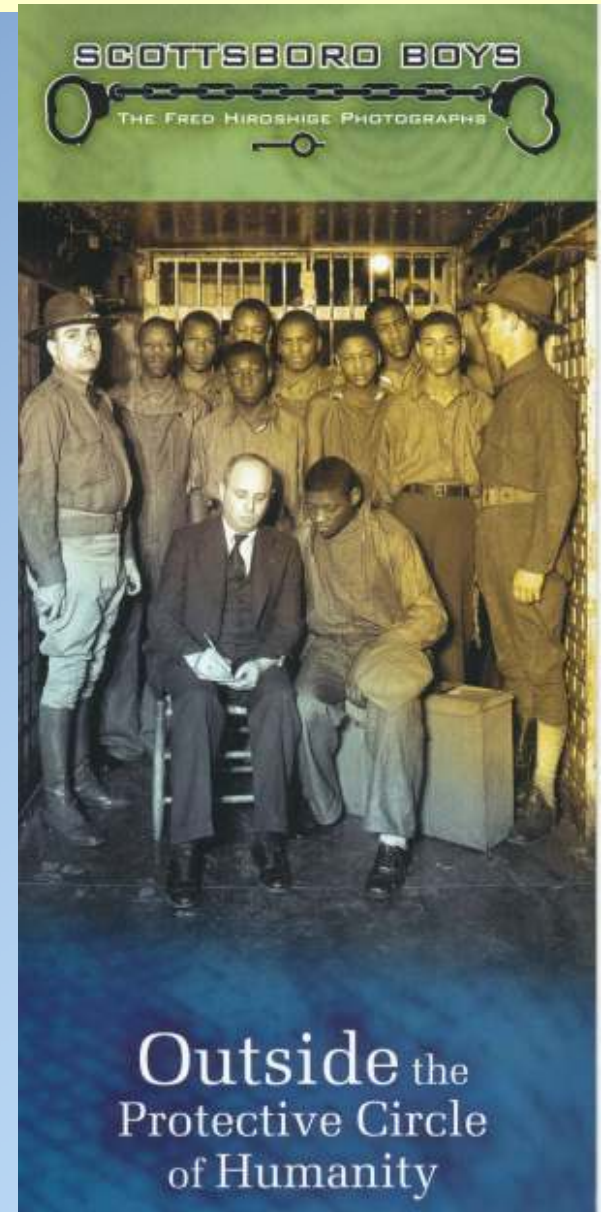
**Sept 11 – Learning Lunch - *Football***

**Sept. 12 – Learning Lunch –  
“Scottsboro Boys”**

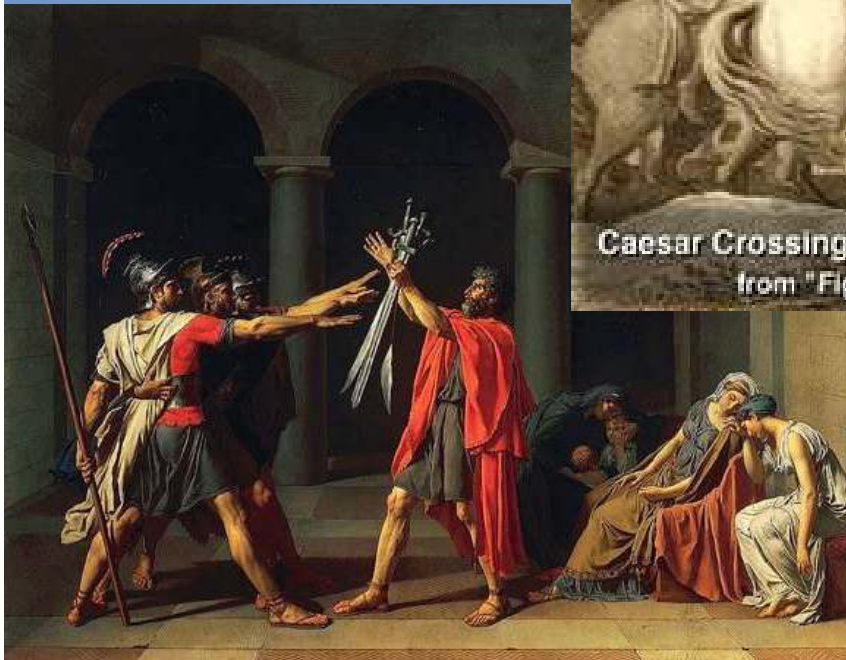
**Sept. 16 – Review Session 4-6 pm,  
location TBA**

**Sept. 17 – Exam One**

**Sept. 20 – Project Serve  
(I’ll be at the Exploreum)**



# *The Roman Revolution (133-27 BC)*



## *Hannibal's Legacy*



**The beginning of the end  
for the  
Roman Republic**

**Small farmers ruined by years of fighting on/near their land**

**Wealthy citizens gained – war profits, buy up small farms**

**Displaced farmers added to rolls of urban permanently unemployed**

**Farmers no longer source of army recruits**

## *The Gracchi Brothers*

### **Tiberius Gracchus**

**133 BC – Tribune**

**Proposed bill to give public land to dispossessed farmers.**

**(procedure goof angered Senators who got another Tribune to veto bill)**

**Tiberius persuaded plebeians to remove Tribune  
(illegal – slippery slope of man over law)**



## *The Gracchi Brothers*

### **Tiberius Gracchus**

133 BC – Tribune

**Starts distribution of land**

**Tiberius runs for reelection  
(against custom – slippery slope of man over custom)**

**Group of Senators provoke riot**

**Tiberius clubbed to death  
(slippery slope of assassination)**



## *The Gracchi Brothers*

### **Gaius Gracchus**

123 BC – Tribune

Remembers senators involved in brother's death  
Proposes to limit Senate powers  
    assigning provincial governors  
    sitting on extortion court



Proposed (like brother) bill to give public land to dispossessed farmers

Lost election for 3rd year  
Senate ordered Consul to issue “last decree”

Gaius hunted by mob.  
Has one of his slaves kill him (assisted suicide)

## *The Gracchi Brothers*

### Power to the People

Assembly of Tribes take a more active role in government/politics.

Army requires Money  
Money requires Power  
Power requires Army





## *Marius, novus homo*

### **Gaius Marius**

**Success on battlefields in Africa and Europe**

**Abolished property requirement for soldiers**

**Permitted volunteers – poor/landless**

**Armies become tools of commanders**



**Consul 7 times  
(107 – 86 BC)**

## *Sulla the Dictator*

### **Lucius Cornelius Sulla**

**Marches legions into Rome – 88 BC**  
**Based on Senate taking power of war away from Consuls**

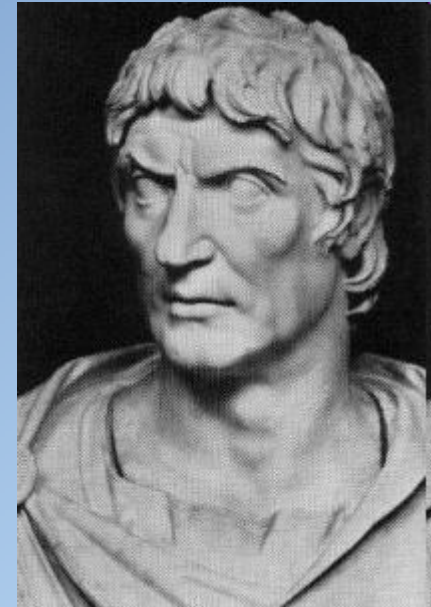
**Enters Rome at head of his legion (88 BC)**

**Fights his way into Rome (82 BC) and is appointed Dictator by Senate.**

**Believed underlying flaw in the Roman constitution was the increasingly aggressive democracy.**

**Transferred courts back to Senate**

**Limit power of army commanders**



**Consul twice**  
**(88 & 80 BC)**

**Dictator**  
**(82-81 BC)**

## *Spartacus – Slave Revolts*

### **Servile Wars**

**First Servile War  
(135-132 BC) Sicily  
70,000 slaves**

**Second Servile War  
(104-100 BC) Sicily  
25,000 slaves**

**Third Servile War (73-71 BC)  
“War of Spartacus”  
120,000 slaves**



**The Rich Get Richer**

## *The First Triumvirate*

**Julius Caesar**  
**Pompey the Great**  
**Marcus Crassus**

**Informal Political Alliance**  
**(60-53 BC)**



## *Julius Caesar*



*Flamen Dialis*, high priest of Jupiter

Sulla strips Caesar of priesthood – joins army and leave Rome

*Pontifex Maximus* (63 BC) greatest bridge-maker  
Established the Julian Calendar

Galic Wars (58-51 BC)

Crosses the Rubicon (49 BC)

Goes to Egypt in pursuit of Pompey (48 BC)

*You too, child? / Et tu, Brute?* (44 BC)

Consul – 5 times

Dictator – 4 times

(11 days to life)

*Next Up...*  
*Chapter 4 – Hail Caesar*

